

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 3195

TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1744.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland, and another from Flanders.

Stockholm, May 22.



HIS Majesty, and his Royal Swedish Highness, are in perfect Health. The Marquis de Loumarie, the French Minister here, labours incessantly to procure his Proposals to be accepted; which are now reduced to low, as to offer a certain annual Subsidy, in case the Crown of Sweden will engage itself not to lend any of its Troops to any Foreign

Power whatever, in the Space of Seven Years. The Russian Troops that have been here for some Time past, are actually in Motion, in order to embark on board the Squadron destin'd to transport them to Livonia, from whence they are to march immediately, by Land, into Germany, for the Service of the King of Great Britain, pursuant to the Treaties subsisting between the Courts of London and Moscow.

Naples, May 12. The King seems to act with much greater Spirit than ever, finding himself at the Head of a very powerful Army, in which he can safely confide. This Army consists, at present, of upwards of 30,000 Men, who are actually in Spanish Pay; viz. 6000 drawn from Sicily; 2000 Irish and Walloon; five Battalions newly drawn out of the Garisons on the Coast of Tuscany; four Regiments, each of two Battalions, that have been left here ever since the first Conquest of the Kingdom; and the Army under the Count de Gages. His Majesty went lately to Gaeta, to make a Visit to the Fleet, and staid a whole Day; after which he return'd to the Army. Some Jealousies and Heart-burnings have arisen on Account of the King's giving the Command in Chief to M. de Gages; which he did of his own Motive, and declared his Reasons in a full Council of War. He said, that tho' his Subjects were Neapolitans, and the greater Part of his Army were Spaniards, and therefore it was but natural they should be commanded by their own Officers; that the Enemy gave out, they were invited to invade his Dominions by some of the Nobility that were dissatisfied; and that, as on the one hand, he was not inclined to blast the Reputation of persons of Distinction, on slight Suspicions; so, on the other, it was not to be expected, that he should trust a Person and Crown in the Hands of such as labour'd under any Imputations; that he hoped speedily to put an End to the War, which would afford him the Means of rewarding all his loyal Subjects; and in the mean time, he would endeavour, as much as possible, to spare their Persons. An Affair has lately happened, that may, probably, be attended with some Inconveniences. A Detachment of 200 Horse was sent to Cosenza, which is the Capital of Calabria, to collect, and bring to the Army, a certain Quantity of Forage and Provisions, which the President refused; and the commanding Officer did his Duty, as became him, and arrested that Magistrate for his Disobedience; but the Inhabitants of the Town rescued him, and obliged the Detachment to retire. As soon as the King was informed of this, he detach'd nine Squadrons of Spanish Horse and Dragoons, under an Officer of Distinction; with seal'd Orders, which are to be open'd when he comes to the Place. We are excessively impatient to see what will be the Fruits of this last Order; for, according to all Appearance, his Majesty intends to make a severe Example of these Mutineers. The Resolution is taken of marching immediately towards the Frontiers, in order to give the Austrians a warm Reception, in case they persist in their Design of invading this Kingdom.

Rome, May 16. In Proportion, as the Army of Prince Lobkowitz advances nearer this City, the Court shews more and more Attention for the furnishing him with plenty of Provisions. It is believed, that his Highness will, in a few Days, arrive here, in order to pay his Compliments to his Holiness. On the other Hand, the Troops of the King of the Two Sicilies, not content with advancing as far as Frosinone, as we expected they would, are actually arrived in the Neighbourhood of this City on one Side, as the Austrians are on the other. The Duke of Modena was Yesterday at Valmonte, at the Head of some Thousand Men; and the Day before Yesterday, the Duke de Atrisco appear'd with a considerable Corps of Troops in the Plain of Monte Rotondo; having made a forc'd March, in order to surprize a Body of Austrian Hussars; but they had so good Intelligence, that they repass'd the Tiber in time. We are not able to say whether the Spaniards really intend to pursue

them or not; but if they had, the Hussars put it out of their Power, by withdrawing the Bridge. Since then, the two Bridges at Salara and Pontmole, which is but half a Mile from hence, and which were of hewn Stone, are also broke down; so that there is now no Sort of Appearance that Prince Lobkowitz will pass that River, as he gave out he would, at Monte Rotondo; perhaps he will now think of passing a little higher, at Citta Castellana. We are in an inexpressible Confusion, from an Apprehension of seeing a Battle under our very Walls; for if Prince Lobkowitz should not persist in his Design of attacking the Neapolitans, we know the Count de Gages so well, as to be satisfied, that with such an Army as he now has, he will not retire without doing something.

Turin, May 16. The Enemy, to the Number of 16,000, having occupied the Posts of Sospello, Sellia, and Ventimiglia, made a great Detachment from this last; which obliged the Count de Riviera, who commanded the Castle of Dolce Aqua, to render himself, with his Garison of 90 Men, of the Queen's Regiment, Prisoners of War. This happen'd on the 11th Instant; since which, they have extended themselves to Savigliano, with a Design to besiege, and make themselves Masters of it; in order to force, afterwards, the Col de Tende. The King has thereupon sent M. de Lorberon to Savigliano, in order to take upon him the Command of the Troops, in the room of the Count de la Rocca, who is fallen sick, has likewise taken care to provide all the other Posts with a sufficient Number of Troops, commanded by experienced Officers. He has caus'd the 4000 Men that were at Oniglia to be reinforced by 1000 Militia, and 150 Bantitti, transported thither from Sardinia; and who are to be shortly follow'd by 150 more. This Day 130 Cannoneers march'd from hence for Cuneo and Demont. The King has order'd 5000 Militia to be rais'd, and two new Battalions of Switz.

Genoa, May 16. Mr. de Vallette, his Britannick Majesty's Minister to the Court of Turin, the English Consul at this Port, and the Marquis de St. Germaine, on the Part of the King of Sardinia, were, the beginning of this Week, at Vado; where they had a long Conference with Admiral Matthews, in order to concert with him the most probable Methods for defeating the Designs of the combined Powers. Last Wednesday the British Admiral weigh'd Anchor from the Port of Vado with 48 Sail, in order to return to his old Post at the Island of Hies, there to block up the French Fleets in their Ports. The Marquis de St. Germaine and Mr. Villet are gone back to Turin; the English Consul is come back hither; and as for the Sardinian Gallees that join'd Admiral Matthews, they also are sail'd, as we apprehend, for Portmahon.

Brussels, June 1. The Ambassador Extraordinary from the States General is still an Attendant on his most Christian Majesty. There is Reason to believe, that he confers frequently with the French Ministers, because he is continually sending Couriers to the Hague; but we are not able to say what the Subject is of their Negotiations, tho' they can scarce be term'd pacifick, while they have the Cannon on both Sides thundering about their Ears. The Trenches have been opened before Menin these four Days, and there have been two warm Rencontres between our Hussars and the French Dragoons; one before the Gates of Tournay, and the other near those of Oudenard. This last was very bloody on both Sides, and would have been more so, if our Troops had been supported, as theirs were, by a Body of 4000 Horse. A strong Detachment has pass'd the Scheld, in order to observe the Enemy's Motions between Oudenard and Ghent. We begin to talk of burning, and military Executions. The Marshal Count Saxe sent a Trumpeter to Lieutenant General Sir James Campbell, who commands in Ghent; with a Message, importing, that if the English continued to disturb the Forage that was sent to the French Camp, he would set Fire to the first Village he came to; to which the English General answer'd, 'That, in that Case, he knew the Road into French Flanders, where he would return the Compliment, by burning Twerly. It was resolv'd in a Council of War held the same Day, that the Inhabitants of Flanders should be forbid to furnish the 400,000 Rations of Forage, which the French had demanded. This Morning the Duke of Arceberg's Baggage set out for the Camp, where he has been thrice since Yesterday Morning. That Lord is declared General and Commander in Chief of the Army of the Allies, at the Request of the King of Great-Britain and the States General. We have fresh Assurances, that the Confederate Army will march immediately to fight the Enemy.

Hague, June 4. The States of Holland and West-

Friesland assembled Yesterday and To-day. The Memorial lately presented by Count Podelvies imported, that his Prussian Majesty intended immesurably to take Possession of the Principality of East Friesland, but that he would innovate nothing with respect to the Town of Embden and Lieroot, where their High Mightinesses were at Liberty to maintain their Garisons as usual. We learn from the Camp before Menin, that when every Thing was ready for storming the Cover'd Way, his most Christian Majesty, unexpectedly, order'd it to be postpon'd. A Day or two's Time, said his Majesty, is neither here nor there, in taking the Place; and it does not seem to be worth sacrificing the Lives of so many brave Men, as is necessary to obtain so trifling an Advantage.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Norwich, May 16. On Thursday a Fire broke out at Stoke Paper-Mill House, in the Day-time, and burnt it to the Ground, with Part of the Mill. The Damage is computed at several Hundred Pounds. But what is most shocking, a great many Things, which were rescued from the merciless Flames, and carried into the adjacent Meadows, were most of them stolen, and carried away by Persons unknown.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, May 22. Arrived the Diana, M^r Carr, from Lisbon. Sail'd the Charming Molly, Talbot, for Madeira and Barbados.

Cowes, May 26. Yesterday sail'd to Spithead the Expedition, Marret, and the Lucy, Purchase, both from this Place, for Oporto.

Dover, May 16. A Calm. Yesterday Evening two Men of War from the Downs, with about 70 Sail of Vessels, pass'd this Road to the Westward. Arrived the John Galley, Watts, from South Carolina.

Deal, May 16. Wind E. Yesterday in the Afternoon sail'd to the Westward his Majesty's Ships the Hampton-Court, Dreadnought, and Chester, and all the Outward-bound Ships. Arrived the Matthew and Joseph, Storin, the Oak, Gisborough, and the Eagle, Richardson, from Newcastle, all for Portsmouth.

Deal, May 17. Wind N. E. Arriv'd the Swift Privateer, Capt. Hudson, from a Cruise; and a Ship from Rotterdam, but can't get her Name this Post.

Gravesend, May 15. Pass'd by the Willer, Griffiths, the Rowland, Sullivan, the Adding-on, Robinson, and the Owen Gilley, Foster, all from St. Kitts; the Neptune, Genfanvell, from North Bergh; the Providencia, Mounckman, and the London Packet, Ternan, both from Montserrat; the Carolina, Mcneard, the Friendship, Macky, and the Blacket and Fenwick, Kitchenman, from Carolina; the Mary and Katherine, Twentymann, from Jamaica; the Nancy, Ford, from Santa Cruz; the Patuxent Merchant, Jolly, from Maryland; the Pelham, Tomlinson, from New England; the Glasgow, Murraw, from Antigua; the Prince William, Crosthwaite, and La Moude Ealmas, Baptista, from Lisbon; and the Monmouth Prize, Capt. Hamilton, from Martinico.

Gravesend, May 16. Pass'd by the Lucitania, Gravener, and the Johanna, Rice, both from Carolina; the St. Antonio, Montero, and the Sea Horse, Manoury, from Lisbon; the Doxey, Green, from Jamaica; the Middleburg Packet, Mudde, from Middleburg; the William and Mary, Perry, the Fuchs, Danzie, and the Mary, Allen, three Yachts; the Richard and Eliza, Bradford, the Katherine and Agatha, Gardner, the West, Gilbie, the Loyal Jane, Maples, and the Transport Ships, all from Ostend.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Barbados, the Frere, Lindsey, from London; the Heselmeire, Walker, from London and Madeira.

At Antigua, the Ashed, Oliver, from London.

At Carolina, the James, Gibson, from London; and the Lezhorn Galley, Hallam, from Boston.

At Hull, the Hopewell, Pearson, from Montross.

LONDON.

Private Letters from Flanders say, that when the Batteries began first to play in the Town of Menin, the French King visit'd both Attacks in Person, and caus'd 150 Louis d'Ors to be distributed among the Canoners at that against the Gate of Ypres; and 100 to the Canoners at the other Attack against the Gate of Rassel.

The same Letters say, that the Count de Saxe, at the Head of 3000 Horse and 6000 Foot, had made an Attempt to surprize Audenard; but had been oblig'd to retire with the Loss of a few Men.

According to private Letters from Paris, the Combined Army had attack'd the strong Post of Oniglia, and after an obstinate Dispute of several Hours, were repuls'd with the Loss of 1400 Men.

H. Majesty's Ships Eltham, Siphire, Success, and Merlin Sloop, have taken, within Gun-shot of Dunkirk, a French Ship from Malaga, laden with Wine, as she was going into that Harbour, and carried her into Oostend. The said Men of War drove back three Privateers, who were coming out to cruize. One of the Privateers had 110 Men deserted when she got back into the Harbour.

The Baracuta, Bowers, and the Endeavour, Ansell, both from London for Jamaica, were well at Antigua the 13th of April.

The Woolwich Man of War, Capt. Herbert, carry'd into Barbados on the 3d of April, a Spanish Ship, call'd the L'Assention, Don Lewis Fort, Master, mounted with 24 Gun, and 119 Men, from Cadix to La Vera Cruz.

The Shark, Capt. Burdau, has taken, and carried into Gibraltar the La Reine de France, James Jos. Guerin, from Marseilles for Dunkirk; and the L'Aigle Imperiale, Evenot, from Marseilles to Bologne.

La Legere de Nante, Majestas, from Marseilles to St. Domingo, is sent into the same Place by the Salisbury, Capt. Osborne.

Yesterday was held, at Kensington, a Chapter of the Honourable Order of the Bath, with the usual Solemnity, when his Majesty was pleased to create the following Persons to be Knights of the said Order, viz.

The Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Fitzwilliams.

Charles Hambury Williams, Esq; Paymaster of the Marines, and Knight of the Shire for the County of Monmouth.

Henry Calhorne, Esq; Member of Parliament for Hindon, in Wiltshire.

Thomas Whitmore, Esq; Member of Parliament for Bridgenorth, in Shropshire.

William Morden Harberd, Esq; Member of Parliament for Bereafston, in the County of Devon.

The Trial of Dogan the Irish Priest, which was to have come on before the Judges of the Court of King's Bench at Westminster, Yesterday, for enlisting Men into the Service of the King of Spain, was put off; a *Noli Prosequi* being brought into Court to stay all Proceedings.

Last Thursday died the Rev. Mr. Buthnall, an eminent Disfenting Minister of this City.

On Saturday died, at his House in James-Street, Bedford-row, the Rev. Mr. Newton.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	00 36	01 07

Bank Stock, 142 5-8ths. India, 172 1-half to 172. South Sea, 195 1-half. Old Annuity, 109 to 108 7-8ths. New ditto, 109 1-half. Three per Cent. 93. Ditto 1743, 92 3-4ths. Ditto 1744, 90 3-4ths to 5-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 75. London Assurance, 10 3-4ths. India Bonds, 11 9 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 4 l. 7 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Talties, Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Million Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 10 l. 16 s. 6 d.

Stamp-Office, May 17, 1744.

THE Commissioners for managing his Majesty's Stamp Revenues do hereby give Notice, That by a Clause in an Act of last Session of Parliament, intitled, An Act for granting to his Majesty the Sum of One Million out of the Singing Fund, and for applying a Sum remaining in the Exchequer arisen by the Coinage Duty, and so forth, it is (inter alia) enacted to the Effect following: That for the Relief of any Person or Persons who, through Neglect or Inadvertency, have omitted to pay his Majesty's Duties of Stamp in the Pound, for every Sum of Fifty Pounds, or under; and of Twelvepence in the Pound for every Sum amounting to more than Fifty Pounds, given, paid, contracted, or agreed for, or any Part thereof, with Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants, within the respective Times limited by the several Acts of Parliament in that Case made; or who have omitted to insert and write, in Words as length, in the Indentures or other Writings, containing the Covenants and Agreements relating to such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, the full Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, received, or in any wife directly or indirectly given, paid, agreed, or contracted for, with or in relation to such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, every such Person and Persons, Clerks, Apprentices, and Servants, are acquitted and discharged of and from all Penalties and Incapacities incurred by Reason of such Omissions, upon Payment of the said Rates and Duties on or before the First Day of August, 1744.

This Day is Published,

(Address'd to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales)

(Price Five Shillings)

FABLES for the FEMALE SEX.

Printed for R. E. Aucklin, in Ruffel-Street, Covent-Garden.

Lottery-Office, May 25, 1744.

THE Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge-Lottery, Anno 1741, and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof, payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, are, by a Clause in an Act pass'd last Session of Parliament, vest'd with Power and Authority to exchange such of the said Tickets of the said Lottery, as shall be claimed, and produced to them, on or before the 6th Day of December, 1744; in such manner, as they are authoriz'd and required to do, in and by the said last mention'd Act; Do give Notice, That daily Attendance will be given at their Office near the Exchequer, from Ten to One (Holidays excepted) to take in the said Tickets, and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof.

This Day is Published,
In Three VOLUMES in FOLIO,
With Proper Tables.

PRECEDENTS in CONVEYANCING.

Set led and approved by

GILBERT HORSMAN,

late of Lincoln's-Inn, Esq;

And other EMINENT COUNSEL.

Containing Conveyances and Settlements, not only of Estates Real and Personal, known to former Times, but also of Stocks, Bonds, and Annuities of the Publick Companies, Exchequer Annuities, Fortunes in Ireland and Holland, and Plantations in America; likewise many new Clauses and Provisions in consequence of Acts of Parliament, and of Determinations in the Courts of Justice.

Printed for J. and P. Knapton, at the Crown in Ludgate-street.

This Day is Published,
(Price One Shilling)

Authentick Letters from Admiral Matthews to the Secretary of State, the Lords of the Admiralty, &c. relating to his Expedition to the Mediterranean; with their Answers, from the Time of his going out, to the late Engagement.

Printed for W. Webb, near St. Paul's

This Day is Published,

Price bound in Sheep, 1 s. 6 d. in Calf, 2 s.

The THIRD EDITION of

THE GEOGRAPHY of CHILDREN:

Or, A Short and Easy Method of Teaching or Learning Geography; designed principally for the Use of Schools. Whereby even Children may, in a short Time, know the Use of the Terrestrial Globe and Geographical Maps, and all the considerable Countries in the World; their Situation, Boundaries, Extent, Division, Islands, Rivers, Lakes, chief Cities, Government and Religion. Divided into Lessons, by Way of Question and Answer, with a new general Map of the World, and also a List of the Maps necessary for Children.

Translated from the French of Abbot Langlet du Fresnoy, and now greatly augmented and improv'd thro' the Whole.

To which is prefix'd, a Method of learning Geography without a Master, for the Use of such grown Persons as have neglected this useful Study in their Youth.

And to this Edition is now added, a Table of the Latitude and Longitude of the most remarkable Places mentioned in this Work.

Printed for C. Corbett, at Addison's-Head, over against St Dunstan's Church, Fleet street; and T. Harris at the Looking Glass and Bible, on London Bridge.

With his MAJESTY's Royal Privilege and Licence,
Dedicated to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of LONDON.



This Day is Published,

The Second Edition, carefully revised, corrected, enlarged, and improv'd by the AUTHOR, the Work being now compleat, and beautifully printed in Two Volumes, Folio.

[Price 3 l. 3 s. neatly Bound and Letter'd]

A
New History of the HOLY BIBLE,

From the Beginning of the World to the Establishment of Christianity.

With Answers to most of the Controversed Questions, Disputations upon the most remarkable Passages, and a Connection of Prophane History all o'g.

To which are added,

Notes, explaining difficult Texts rectifying Mis-Translations, and reconciling seeming Contradictions.

Illustrated with proper Maps and Sculptures.

By THOMAS STACKHOUSE, A. M.
Vicar of Beenharn, Berks.

Printed for S. Auker, in Newgate-street; and Sold by the Book-sellers and Printers in all the Cities and noted Towns in Great Britain and Ireland.

N. B. Those Persons that took this Work in Weekly, and have neglected to supply themselves regularly as it was published, may still have, of the Proprietor, any single Number or Numbers whatsoever, to perfect their Setts.

This Day is Published,
(Price One Shilling)

ANTI-SIRIS, or English Wisdom Exemplified by various Examples, but particularly the present general Demand for T. A. W. A. T. E. S. on the excellent Authority as that of a R. W. E. S. a learned Schemist, and Graduate in Divinity and Metaphysics in a LETTER from a Foreign Gentleman at London to his Friend Abroad.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Published,

FIFTEEN SERMONS upon Social Duties.

Universal Right consists of a solemnly necessary to human nature, as well as to the Temporal and Eternal Happiness of mankind.

The Duties of the Married State.

The Duty of Parents to their Children, in V. Sermons.

The Duty of Children to their Parents, in II. Sermons.

The Duty of Servants to their Masters.

The Duty of Masters to their Servants.

The Duty of paying Debts, in II. Sermons.

The Duty of Rulers to their Subjects.

The mutual Duty of Prince and People.

By the Author of the Life of DAVID.

Printed for J. Kington, at the Bible and Crown in Paul's Church-yard.

Where may be had, by the same Author,

1. Revelation Examined with Candour, 2-vols. 8vo. 1s.
2. The Doctrine of Abstinence from Blood, defended.
3. Reflections upon Polygamy, and the Encouragement given to that Practice in the Scriptures of the Old Testament.

This Day is Published,

THE Common Errors in the Education of Children, and their Consequences, with Methods to remedy them, consider'd under the following Heads.

1. The Fault of Parents, in the Nurture of them.
2. The Ignorance or Negligence of those who teach them.
3. Whether a publick or private School is to be preferred.
4. Want of Skill in the Parent or Tutor to distinguish the Genius of the child; and that too common, but still dangerous, of forcing him to Studies or Employments incompatible with the natural Bent of his Inclinations.
5. Ill Methods of teaching Children, and the Neglect of the Regulation of their Morals.

Nondum abscessit Genetricis Munus, nisi prius in Corporeculum Filii, mox animum aequo mollem velle educere sineris.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-noster Row.

Last Saturday was Published,

(Number IV. Price Sixpence)

Containing four Sheets, beautifully printed in folio.

THE CONTINUATION of

Mr. RAPIN de THOIRAS's

HISTORY of ENGLAND,

Containing the Reigns of King William and Queen Anne, and King George I.

By N. TINDAL, M. A.

This Work will be illustrated with the Heads of the Queens, and several eminent Persons, engraven by Mr. Kneller, also with whole Sheet Maps, Plans of Battles, and other Copper Plates, beautifully engraven.

The Numbers will be published every Saturday, and to the Houses of those who order them.

For the Accommodation of those who have Mr. Rapin's History of England, in 15 Vols. in 8vo, this Continuation will also be printed in that Size. For which Gentlemen are desired to send in their Names, that a sufficient Number may be printed.

Printed for J. and P. Knapton in Ludgate-street. Where Subscriptions are taken in; and by the Book-sellers in Town and Country.

Where may be had,

Mr. Rapin's History of England, Translated by N. Tindal, M. A. in Two Vols. in Folio. The plates are illustrated with Heads, Monuments, and other Copper Plates. Price 2 l. 12 s. 6 d. in Sheets.

The same is now publishing in Weekly Numbers at 1s. each.

* * Gentlemen may have all the Numbers of Mr. Rapin's History which are published, or begin with Number I. and continue them.

BUGGS Destroyed.

BUGGS Whereas I have for many Years, with Success, made it my Business to destroy those odious vermin call'd BUGGS, out of Houses, Places and other smaller Buildings, at a reasonable Price, the same being done with a Preparative no way offensive, and without the least Damage either to the Building, or Furniture, be the same ever so good; and after I have destroy'd them, any should happen to follow, may be brought in by People's Choice, to other Houses, which may happen in new Furniture, than to those that I have cur'd and cleans'd, which is owing to the Quality and Nature of what is used, then, and in the Cafe, I promise to rure them gratis, and those that are desirous to agree for any Number of Years, may, at a small Sum, depend on having their Furniture kept entire, and from them. Therefore, those that are pester'd with them will be waited upon, by sending a Line for the Purpose, to me JOHN WILLIAMS, at Janeway's Coffee-house, near the Royal Exchange, or at the Rainbow in Lancaster Court, Charing-Cross, or at any own House in Drury's Lane, against the George Alehouse, in Oldstreet.

